Mercury Certification Guide

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Title

Guidance Document: Mercury Certification Guide

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November 2011	19 December 2016	All	Changed to MPI format and updated FSANZ references.
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1 Introduction

This guidance is intended to assist exporters with mercury in seafood official assurances.

A number of countries can be provided with a mercury level official assurance clause. The level will be stated in the relevant country's overseas market access requirements (OMAR). The mercury content of commercial fish in New Zealand varies depending on a number of factors, including the species.

MPI pursuant to Animal Products (Regulated Control Scheme—Contaminant Monitoring and Surveillance) Regulations 2004, has a national monitoring plan which has enabled fish species to be classified based on known mercury levels.

2 Classification System

In order to assist with official assurances, a system has been developed which divides species into three categories depending on its mercury status.

- (1) Those species which can be safely certified as meeting importing countries requirements with regard to mercury of 0.5ppm; and
- (2) Those species which can be safely certified as meeting importing countries requirements with regard to mercury of 1.0ppm; and
- (3) Those species which are known to exceed 1.0ppm.

Tables in Appendix one categorise New Zealand commercial fish species.

When is sampling required?

Where official assurances that include the mercury clause are provided for a fish species that does not meet the stated level in a country's OMAR, then sampling is required as per appendix two, to enable official assurances.

If the official assurance does not include the mercury clause then no sampling is required.

3 Adding Species

Where exporters believe a species should be added to a particular appendix one category they can apply to MPI providing data and/or reasons for inclusion. MPI will consider, in consultation with Seafood Standards Council, whether the species should be added to the *mercury in fish monitoring programme*. The results of the official monitoring programme will determine appropriate listing.

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4 Appendix One

The following tables list the NZ commercial fish species and categorised mercury levels.

4.1 Fish Species Known to be 0.5 ppm or Below

These species can be certified at 0.5ppm for countries that require certification at this level.

Common Name	Scientific Name
Anchovy	Engraulis australis
Barracouta	Thyrsites atun
Bream - Ray's	Brama brama
Brill	Colistium guntheri
Butterfish	Odax pullus
Cockle	Austrovenus stutchburyi
Cod - Blue	Parapercis colias
Cod - Red	Pseudophycis bachus
Crab - Paddle	Ovalipes catharus
Dory - John	Zeus faber
Eel - Conger	Conger verreauxi
Eel - Long Finned	Anguilla dieffenbachii
Eel - Short Finned	Anguilla australis
Elephant Fish	Callorhinchus milii
Flounder - Black	Rhombosolea retiaria
Flounder - Sand	Rhombosolea plebeia
Frostfish	Lepidopus caudatus
Gemfish	Rexea solandri
Gurnard	Chelidonichthys kumu
Hoki	Macruronus novaezelandiae
Javelin Fish	Lepidorhynchus denticulatus
Kahawai	Arripis trutta
Leather Jacket	Meuschenia scaber
Lobster - Rock	Jasus edwardsii
Mackerel - Blue	Scomber australasicus
Mackerel - Jack	Trachurus novaezelandiae
Mackerel - Jack	Trachurus declivis
Mackerel - Jack	Trachurus murphyi
Moki- Blue	Latridopsis ciliaris
Monkfish	Kathetostoma giganteum
Mussel - Blue	Mytilus galloprovincialis
Mussel - Green Lipped	Perna canaliculus
Oreo - Black	Allocyttus niger
Oreo - Smooth	Pseudocyttus maculates
Oyster - Pacific	Crassostrea gigas
Oyster - Dredge	Tiostrea chilensis
Oyster - Rock	Saccostrea cucullata
Parore	Girella tricuspidata
Paua - Blackfoot	Haliotis iris
Paua - Yellowfoot	Haliotis australis
Perch - Orange	Lepidoperca spp. (Lepidoperca aurantia)
Perch - Sea	Helicolenus barathri
Pilchard	Sardinops sagax

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Common Name	Scientific Name
Pipi	Paphies autralis
Queen Scallop	Zygochlamys delicatula
Red Baitfish	Emmelichthys nitidus
Salmon - Quinnat	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
Scallop	Pecten novaezelandiae
Shark - Dark Ghost	Hydrolagus novaezelandiae
Shark - Pale Ghost	Hydrolagus bemisi
Silverside	Argentina elongata
Skip Jack	Katsuwonus pelamis
Snapper	Pagrus auratus
Sole - Common or New Zealand	Peltorhamphus novaezeelandiae
Sole - Lemon	Pelotretis flavilatus
Southern Blue Whiting	Micromesistius australis
Sprat	Sprattus antipodium
Sprat	Sprattus muelleri
Squid - Arrow	Nototodarus gouldi
Squid - Arrow	Nototodarus sloanii
Tarakihi	Nemadactylus macropterus
Toothfish - Antarctic	Dissostichus mawsoni
Toothfish - Patagonian	Dissostichus eleginoides.
Trevally	Pseudocaranx dentex
Tuna - Albacore	Thunnus alalunga
Warehou - Blue	Seriolella brama
Warehou - Silver	Seriolella punctata
Warehou - White	Seriolella caerulea
Whitebait	Galaxias spp.

4.2 Fish Species Known to be 1.0 ppm or Below

These species can be certified at 1.0 ppm for countries that require certification at this level.

Common Name	Scientific Name
Alfonsino	Beryx splendens
Anchovy	Engraulis australis
Barracouta	Thyrsites atun
Bluenose	Hyperoglyphe antarctica
Bream - Ray's	Brama brama
Brill	Colistium guntheri
Butterfish	Odax pullus
Cockle	Austrovenus stutchburyi
Cod - Blue	Parapercis colias
Cod - Red	Pseudophycis bachus
Crab - Paddle	Ovalipes catharus
Dogfish - Lucifer	Etmopterus Lucifer
Dogfish - Spiny	Squalus acanthias
Dory - John	Zeus faber
Dory - Lookdown	Cyttus traversi
Eel - Conger	Conger verreauxi
Eel - Long Finned	Anguilla dieffenbachii
Eel - Short Finned	Anguilla australis

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Common Name	Scientific Name
Elephant Fish	Callorinchus milii
Flounder - Black	Rhombosolea retiaria
Flounder - Sand	Rhombosolea plebeia
Frostfish	Lepidopus caudatus
Gemfish	Rexea solandri
Groper - Bass	Polyprion americanus
Groper - Hapuku	Polyprion oxygeneios
Gurnard	Chelidonichthys kumu
Hake	Merluccius australis
Hoki	Macruronus novaezelandiae
Javelin Fish	Lepiodorhynchus denticulatus
Kahawai	Arripis trutta
Kingfish - Yellowtail	Seriola lalandi
Leather Jacket	Meuschenia scaber
Ling	Genypterus blacodes
Lobster - Rock	Jasus edwardsii
Mackerel - Blue	Scomber australasicus
Mackerel - Jack	Trachurus novaezelandiae
Mackerel - Jack	Trachurus declivis
Mackerel - Jack	Trachurus murphyi
Moki- Blue	Latridopsis ciliaris
Monkfish	Kathetostoma giganteum
Mussel - Blue	Mytilus galloprovincialis
	Perna canaliculus
Mussel - Green Lipped	
Orange Roughy Oreo - Black	Hoplostethus atlanticus Allocyttus niger
Oreo - Smooth	Pseudocyttus maculatus
Oyster - Pacific	Crassostrea gigas
Oyster - Pacific Oyster - Dredge	Tiostrea chilensis lutaria
Oyster - Bredge Oyster - Rock	Saccostrea glomerata
Parore	Girella tricuspidata
Paua - Blackfoot	Haliotis iris
Paua - Yellowfoot	Haliotis australis
Perch - Orange	
Perch - sea	Lepidoperca spp. (Lepidoperea Helicolenus barathri
Pilchard	Sardinops sagax
Pipi	Paphies australis
Cueen scallop	Zygochlamys delicatula
Red Baitfish	1 2 2
Ribaldo	Emmelichthys nitidus Mora moro
	Mustelus lenticulatus
Rig Salmon - Quinnat	
	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
Scallop Shark - Dark Ghost	Pecten novaezelandiae
Shark - Dark Ghost Shark - Pale Ghost	Hydrolagus novazealandiae
Snark - Pale Gnost Silverside	Hydrolagus bemisi
Skate	Argentina elongata
Skate	Raja innominata
	Raja nasuta Katsuwanus polamis
Skip Jack	Katsuwonus pelamis
Snapper	Pagrus auratus
Sole - Common or New Zealand	Peltorhamphus novaezeelandiae
Sole - Lemon	Peliotretus flavilatus
Southern Blue Whiting	Micromesistius australis

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Common Name	Scientific Name
Sprat	Sprattus antipodum
Sprat	Sprattus muelleri
Squid - Arrow	Nototodarus gouldi
Squid - Arrow	Nototodarus sloanii
Swordfish - Broadbill	Xiphias gladius
Tarakihi	Nemadactylus macropterus
Toothfish - Antarctic	Dissostichus mawsoni
Toothfish - Patagonian	Dissostichus eleginoides.
Trevally	Pseudocaranx dentex
Tuna - Albacore	Thunnus alalunga
Warehou - Blue	Seriolella brama
Warehou - Silver	Seriolella punctata
Warehou - White	Seriolella caerulea
Whitebait	Galaxias spp.

4.3 Fish Species Known to be Greater than 1.0 ppm

These species are known to be above 1.0 ppm.

Common Name	Scientific Name
Black Cardinal Fish Dogfish - Northern Spiny Dogfish - Owston's Spiny Dogfish - Shovelnose Marlin - Striped Shark - Mako Shark - School Shark - Seal	Epigonus telescopus Squalus mitsukurii Centroscymnus owstonii Deania calcea Tetrapturus audax Isurus oxyrinchus Galeorhinus galeus Dalatias licha
Tuna - Southern Bluefin	Thunnus maccoyii

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5 Appendix Two

5.1 Fish Mercury Sampling and Analysis

Where the sampling of fish for mercury testing is required to support official assurances, the requirements of standard 1.4.1 clause 3 (2) [S19-7] of Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code is used as guidance. Five samples from each consignment is an acceptable sample size option. If there is more than one species of fish that needs to be tested, five samples of each species shall be taken.

It is important to note that age and catch area can have a significant bearing on the levels of mercury in the fish.

Taking samples

- (1) Sampling should ideally be undertaken as the shipping container is being loaded but can be taken prior to loading.
- (2) One fillet or at least 50 g of fish should be removed from each randomly selected carton.
- (3) Details should be recorded on the sampling sheet e.g. vessel/ voyage/ catch area and/or consignment details.
- (4) The sample placed in a numbered plastic bag and sealed with tape.
- (5) The carton labelled with the sample number and sampling date.
- (6) The sampled carton should be taped and can be returned to the consignment.

The random selection of cartons and the taking of samples can be performed by or under the supervision of a person nominated by the operator. This person should be competent in sampling and the random selection process.

Stored consignments

Samples may be taken from a stored consignment, but the consignment must be separated and identified so that the contents of the container can be verified at the time of loading. Only lots or consignments from which samples have been taken may be loaded into the shipping container.

Multiple consignments

Where operators are sending out several small consignments from a bulk stock of fish, samples may be drawn from the bulk stock of fish and one certificate used to cover several consignments. The bulk stock shall be stored and identified so that after samples have been taken from the bulk stock, no cartons of fish shall be added to the bulk stock. If any cartons of fish are added to the bulk stock, the bulk stock of fish shall be sampled again and the samples tested for mercury.

Note certain countries may not allow this so check the relevant country OMAR.

Identification of the consignment or bulk stock of fish

Sufficient details about the consignment should be recorded, at the time of sampling, so that it can be demonstrated that the sample was taken from a particular consignment or bulk stock of fish. The information should be sufficient to clearly identify the sampled lot of fish and could include:

- the type of fish
- packing dates
- the quantity (e.g. number of cartons)

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- any marks or identification (e.g. shipping marks/brand name/lot numbers)
- the vessel/voyage/catch area details
- the MPI container seal number
- the container number.

Dispatch of samples

The sampling form should be checked for the presence of all details.

If the container is closed and sealed after sampling, the MPI seal number should be recorded on the sampling form.

The samples should be dispatched in an insulated container with the sampling form to the laboratory. The laboratory should be advised when the samples have been dispatched.

Laboratory

The laboratory used for analysis shall be LAS approved for the testing of mercury in fish.

The results sheet needs to contain details about the consignment from the sampling sheet.

Interpretation of the analysis.

As per standard S19-7 of Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code.

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