Fisheries (Innovative Trawl Technologies) Notice 2017

Issuing Authority

This notice is issued under regulation 71C of the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 2001 by Martyn Dunne, Chief Executive of the Ministry for Primary Industries.

Introduction

The Fisheries (Trawling) Amendment Regulations 2017 amend the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing Regulations 2001 by (amongst other things) inserting new regulations about how the chief executive of the Ministry for Primary Industries approves new types of trawl nets. Those regulations (regulations 71A to 71C of the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 2001) come into force on 1 October 2017.

The regulations will allow for new trawl technologies that will provide for improved economic and environmental outcomes.

The new regulations provide for a person who wants to use a new kind of trawl net to apply to the chief executive for approval for the net (referred to as net A). The application must provide a comparison of the new net against an existing net (net B) in relation to four specified criteria.

This comparison will usually be carried out under trials authorised by a special permit issued pursuant to section 97 of the Fisheries Act 1996. In some very limited circumstances, trials may not be required to compare the innovative gear with existing nets.

The regulations allow the chief executive to issue a notice specifying certain technical details about how the comparison between net A and net B must be made, and the information to be included in any application. This notice sets out those details.

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1 Title

(1) This notice is the Fisheries (Innovative Trawl Technologies) Notice 2017.

2 Commencement

(1) This notice comes into force on 12 October 2017.

3 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of this notice is
 - a) to set out the requirements relating to an application to use a new type of trawl net (net A); and
 - b) to specify how comparisons between net A and a specified net (net B) must be made; and
 - to set out matters that the chief executive must have regard to when deciding whether or not information from trials is required; and
 - d) to set out the requirements for any trials required for the purposes of comparison.

4 Definitions

(1) In this notice—

Act means the Fisheries Act 1996

benthic species means invertebrate species that live on or in the sea floor

characteristics includes both physical characteristics and performance characteristics

MPI means the Ministry for Primary Industries

net A means a trawl net that is the subject of an application for approval, or an application to vary the conditions of approval, under regulation 71A

net B has the same meaning as **specified net** in regulation 71A(2), namely: a trawl net that, at the time of an application for approval of net A, or an application for a variation of an approval to use net A—

- may be used for fishing under regulation 71 or under other regulations in force under the Act that relate to commercial fishing in a specified area of New Zealand fisheries waters;
 and
- b) that the chief executive considers is appropriate to use for the purpose of comparison under regulation 71A(1), having regard to the kinds of net that are commonly used, or are approved for use under that regulation, for taking at least one of those species in at least one of those areas or in a similar area

QMS species means a fish stock or species subject to the quota management system established under the Act; and **non-QMS species** has a corresponding meaning

Regulations means the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 2001, and a reference to a regulation is a reference to a regulation in those Regulations

- **target species**, in relation to a fishing event, means any QMS species that is intended or expected to be caught during that fishing event; and **primary target species** means the target species that the trawl is intended to catch most of.
- (2) Any term that is defined in the Act or Regulations and used but not defined in this notice has the meaning set out in the Act or Regulations. (Key terms defined in the Act include **special permit**.)

5 Application for approval to use net A

- (1) Every application for approval under regulation 71A to use net A for trawling must include the following:
 - a) details of the fisheries (ie, areas, seasons, primary target species, mid-water or bottom tow) in which net A is proposed to be used:
 - b) the specifications of net A, including a description (in words as well as by way of photos or diagrams) of
 - i) each component (including any of the following that form part of the net: trawl doors, sweeps, bridles, ground gear, headline, body panel, lengthener, cod end, mesh type dimensions, rope (type, gauge, single braid, and colour), and liners); and
 - ii) the materials of which the components are made; and
 - iii) the configuration of the components:
 - c) an explanation of how the use of net A is consistent with the relevant fisheries plans approved under section 11A of the Act:
 - d) details of any practices or procedures proposed to be used to—
 - mitigate any adverse effects arising from the use of net A as compared with the use of net B. or
 - ii) improve the performance of net A as compared with net B:
 - e) a comparison of net A with net B, setting out the matters in subclause (2).
- (2) The comparison of net A with net B must set out the following:
 - the specifications of net B, including the same details as are required for net A (see subclause (1) (b)):
 - b) details as to how net B meets the criteria for a specified net that are set out in regulation 71A(2):
 - c) a comparison of the characteristics of net A compared with those of net B:
 - a comparison of how the performance of net A compares with that of net B in providing for the utilisation of fisheries resources while ensuring sustainability, based on the matters listed in regulation 71B(2), namely:
 - i) species composition of the catch:
 - ii) size composition of the catch:
 - iii) impact on protected species:
 - iv) impact on benthic species:
 - e) if trials are conducted to compare net A with net B—
 - the information specified in the Schedules; and
 - ii) the raw data on which that information is based, or details of how to access that data; and
 - iii) a scientific description of the methodological approach used in the trials, and the methods used to analyse the data collected, in sufficient detail to allow scientific

- review in line with the Research and Science Information Standard for New Zealand Fisheries: and
- iv) the names, positions, and employers of each researcher used; and
- v) details of special permits used when conducting the trials.
- (3) The application may include—
 - any additional information relating to the sustainability benefits of net A compared to net B;
 and
 - b) any further information relating to the utilisation benefits of net A compared to net B.

6 When information from trials is required in an application

- (1) This clause applies when an applicant is applying for
 - a) an approval of net A; or
 - b) a variation to one or more of the terms or conditions of an approval of net A.
- (2) In order to provide a comparison of net A with net B, every applicant must conduct trials for the purpose of comparing net A with net B, unless the chief executive waives, in writing, the requirement
 - a) to conduct trials at all; or
 - b) to provide specified information relating to net B.
- (3) When deciding whether to waive a requirement, the chief executive must have regard to the following:
 - a) the extent to which the characteristics of net A compare with those of net B:
 - b) the extent to which information about the characteristics of net B already exists:
 - c) in relation only to an application for variation of the terms or conditions of an approval, existing information about the characteristics of net A as provided by fisheries observers, electronic monitoring, or independent studies.

Schedule 1 – Questions to be addressed, and information to be obtained, from trials

The information provided by the applicant must represent the consolidated results from the complete trial. Comparisons between net A and net B must be statistically robust.

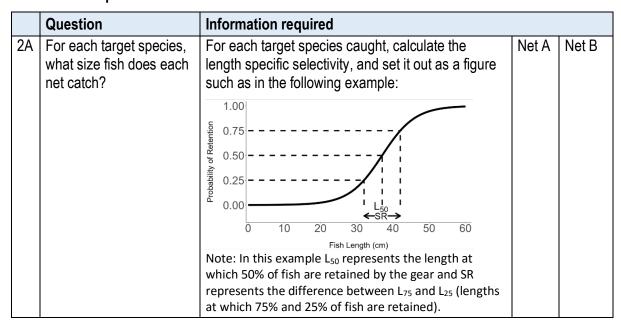
In table 1, **vulnerable fish species** means the species identified in the list of vulnerable fish species in Schedule 2.

In table 2, the **sizes deemed important for fisheries management purposes** are the sizes identified in a list of that name in Schedule 3.

1 Species composition

	Question	Information required		
1A	What is the primary target species and all other target species?	Identify by common name, scientific name, and speci	es code	
1B	Which, and what amount of, fish species does each net catch?	 a) Weight of each QMS species caught and combined weight of all QMS species b) Weight of non-QMS species caught by species or species groups and combined weight c) Ratio of each QMS species to total catch 	Net A	Net B
1C	Which, and what amount of, vulnerable fish species does each net catch?	a) Total weight of vulnerable fish species caught b) Ratio of weight of vulnerable species caught to primary target species fish caught c) Ratio of weight of vulnerable species caught to combined target species fish caught		

2 Size composition



2B	For each target species,	Weight of each target species caught that is within	
	what proportion were at	a specified size range	
	sizes less than the size		
	deemed important for		
	fisheries management		
	purposes?		

3 Impact on protected species

	Question	Information required		
3A	Which, and what amount of, protected species does each net catch?	Number of captures of each protected species. Record by common name, scientific name, and species code. In relation to each protected species caught, the number, and proportion of total captures of that species that were dead, injured, or alive and released uninjured.	Net A	Net B
3B	Any mitigation devices or procedures used to mitigate the adverse effects on protected species for each net?	Describe devices and procedures. Include photographs or diagrams (or both, if available) of devices.		

4 Impact on benthic species

	Question	Information required		
4A	What area of seafloor is	Estimate the area of seafloor contacted by the trawl	Net A	Net B
	affected by each net?	gear per weight of QMS species caught		
4B	What amount of benthic	Total weight of benthic species caught.		
	species does each net	Proportion (by weight) of benthic species to all		
	catch?	target species, and to all QMS species, caught.		

Schedule 2 – List of vulnerable species

Species common name	Scientific name	Species code
Silvertip shark	Carcharhinus albimarginatus	ALS
Pelagic thresher	Alopias pelagicus	APL
Cat shark	Apristurus spp.	APR
Eaton's skate	Bathyraja eatoni	BEA
Electric ray	Typhlonarke spp.	BER
Bigeye thresher	Alopias superciliosus	BET
Antarctic dwarf skate	Bathyraja sp.	ВНҮ
Blacktip reef shark	Carcharhinus melanopterus	BLR
Short-tailed black ray	Dasyatis brevicaudata	BRA
Blue skate	Brochiraja leviveneta	BRL
Bramble shark	Echinorhinus brucus	BRS
Seal shark	Dalatias licha	BSH
Notoraja asperula	Notoraja asperula	ВТА
Deepsea skates	Notoraja spp.	BTH
Notoraja spinifera	Notoraja spinifera	BTS
Bronze whaler shark	Carcharhinus brachyurus	BWH
Dark-belly skate	Bathyraja meridionalis	BYE
Bignose shark	Carcharhinus altimus	CAA
Silky shark	Carcharhinus falciformis	CAF
Sandbar shark	Carcharhinus plumbeus	CAP
Carpet shark	Cephaloscyllium isabellum	CAR
Bull shark	Carcharhinus leucas	CCE
Blacktip shark	Carcharhinus limbatus	CCL
Deepsea sharks	Centroscymnus spp.	CEN
Galapagos shark	Carcharhinus galapagensis	CGA
Purple chimaera	Chimaera lignaria	CHG
Chimaera spp.	Chimaera spp.	CHI
Chimaera, purple	Chimaera sp.	СНР
Leopard chimaera	Chimaera panthera	CPN
Crocodile shark	Pseudocarcharias kamoharai	CRC
Cat shark	Other than Apristurus spp.	CSH
Leafscale gulper shark	Centrophorus squamosus	CSQ
Portuguese dogfish	Centroscymnus coelolepis	CYL
Smooth skin dogfish	Centroscymnus owstoni	CYO
Longnose velvet dogfish	Centroscymnus crepidater	СҮР
Dalatiidae	Dalatiidae	DAL
Pelagic stingray	Dasyatis guileri	DAS
Dawson's cat shark	Halaelurus dawsoni	DCS
Deania quadrispinosum	Deania quadrispinosum	DEQ
Dusky shark	Carcharhinus obscurus DSH	
Deepwater spiny skate	Amblyraja hyperborea	DSK
Pygmy shark	Euprotomicrus bispinatus	EBI

Prickly shark	Echinorhinus cookei	ECO
Eagle ray	Myliobatis tenuicaudatus	EGR
Blackbelly lantern shark	Etmopterus molleri	EMO
Electric ray	Torpedo fairchildi	ERA
Baxter's lantern dogfish	Etmopterus baxteri	ETB
Lucifer dogfish	Etmopterus lucifer	ETL
Etmopterus spp.	Etmopterus spp.	ETM
Smooth lanternshark	Etmopterus pusillus	ETP
Etmopterus villosus	Etmopterus villosus	ETV
Winghead shark	Eusphyra blochii	EUB
Blue-eye lantern shark	Etmopterus viator	EVI
Blac Cyc lantern shark	Etmopterus viator	LVI
Frill shark	Chlamydoselachus anguineus	FRS
Great hammerhead	Sphyrna mokarran	GHH
Goblin shark	Mitsukurina owstoni	GOB
Grey reef shark	Carcharhinus amblyrhynchos	GRS
Sharpnose sevengill shark	Heptranchias perlo	HEP
Sixgill shark	Hexanchus griseus	HEX
Giant black ghost shark	Hydrolagus sp. d	HGB
Smallspine spookfish	Harriotta haeckeli	нна
Hammerhead shark	Sphyrna zygaena	HHS
Black ghost shark	Hydrolagus sp. A	НҮВ
Hydrolagus spp.	Hydrolagus spp.	HYD
Pointynose blue ghost shark	Hydrolagus trolli	HYP
Cookiecutter shark	Isistius brasiliensis	IBR
Long-nosed chimaera	Harriotta raleighana	LCH
Longfin mako	Isurus paucus	LMA
Megamouth shark	Megachasma pelagios	LMP
Long-tailed skate	Arhynchobatis asperrimus	LSK
MacCain's skate	Bathyraja maccaini	MCS
Manta rays and Devil rays	Mobula spp.	MNT
Mandarin shark	Cirrigaleus barbifer	MSH
Northern spiny dogfish	Squalus griffini	NSD
Bigeye sand tiger shark	Odontaspis norohai	ODH
Sharks & Dogfish not otherwise specified in Sch3, Part2 Reporting Regs 2001	Selachii (Order)	OSD
Skate, Other	Rajidae (Family)	OSK
McMillan's cat shark	Parmaturus macmillani	PCS
Prickly dogfish	Oxynotus bruniensis	PDG
Pelagic stingray	Pteroplatytrygon violacea	PES
Port jackson shark	Heterodontus portusjacksoni	PJS
Plunket's shark	Centroscymnus plunketi	PLS
False cat shark	Pseudotriakis microdon	PMI
Longnosed deepsea skate	Bathyraja shuntovi	PSK
Longhosed deepsed skale	שמנוואומוע אוומוונטעו	rsk

Rays	Torpedinidae, Narkidae, Dasyatidae, Myliobatidae, Mobulidae (Families)	RAY
Widenosed chimaera	Rhinochimaera pacifica	RCH
Richardson's skate	Bathyraja richardsoni	RIS
Requiem shark	Carcharhinidae (Family)	RSH
Roughskin dogfish	Scymnodon macracanthus	SCM
Broadnose sevengill shark	Notorynchus cepedianus	SEV
Sherwood's dogfish	Scymnodalatias sherwoodi	SHE
Scalloped hammerhead	Sphyrna lewini	SHH
Skates	Rajidae arhynchobatidae (families)	SKA
Whitetail dogfish	Scymnodalatias albicauda	SLB
Somniosus microcephalus	Somniosus microcephalus	SMI
Shovelnose dogfish	Deania calcea	SND
Rough shovelnose dogfish	Deania histricosa	SNR
Little sleeper shark	Somniosus rostratus	SOM
Pacific sleeper shark	Somniosus pacificus	SOP
Squalus spp.	Squalus spp.	SQA
Knifetooth dogfish	Scymnodon ringens	SRI
Amblyraja georgiana	Amblyraja georgiana	SRR
Slender smooth-hound	Gollum attenuatus	SSH
Blind electric ray	Typhlonarke aysoni	TAY
Thresher shark	Alopias vulpinus	THR
Tiger shark	Galeocerdo cuvier	TIS
Whitetip reef shark	Triaenodon obesus	TRB
Oval electric ray	Typhlonarke tarakea	TTA
Whiptail ray	Dasyatis thetidis	WRA
Velvet dogfish	Zameus squamulosus	ZAS

Schedule 3 – List of species and sizes deemed important for fisheries management purposes

Sizes deemed important for fisheries management purposes in the consideration of innovative trawl technology relate to any applicable minimum legal size and the approximate length at which 50% of the population are mature (noting that in reality this quantity varies by sex and area).

Species common name	Scientific name	Species code	Minimum legal size (cm) (measured in fork length)	Approximate length at 50% maturity (cm)	Measurement type relating to L50
Barracouta	Thyrsites atun	BAR	-	55	Fork length
Black flounder	Rhombosolea retiaria	BFL	25	25	Total length
Brill	Colistium guntheri	BRI	25	25	Total length
Lemon sole	Pelotretis flavilatus	LSO	25	25	Total length
NZ sole	Peltorhamphus novaezeelandiae	ESO	25	25	Total length
Greenback flounder	Rhombosolea tapirina	GFL	25	25	Total length
Turbot	Colistium nudipinnis	TUR	25	25	Total length
Yellowbelly flounder	Rhombosolea leporina	YBF	25	25	Total length
Blue moki	Latridopsis ciliaris	МОК	40	-	-
Red gurnard	Chelidonichthys kumu	GUR	-	25	Fork length
Jack mackerel	Trachurus declivis, T. murphyi, T. novaezelandiae	JMA	-	30	Fork length

Kahawai	Arripis trutta, A. xylabion	КАН		40	Fork length
Kingfish (yellowtail)	Seriola lalandi	KIN	65	90	Fork length
Leatherjacket	Meuschenia scaber	LEA	-	20	Total length
School shark	Galeorhinus galeus	SCH	-	90	Total length
Sand flounder	Rhombosolea plebeia	SFL	23	25	Total length
Snapper	Pagrus auratus	SNA	25	25	Fork length
Spiny dogfish	Squalus acanthias	SPD	-	70	Total length
Rig, spotted dogfish	Mustelus lenticulatus	SPO	-	95	Fork length
Tarakihi	Nemadactylus macropterus, Nemadactylus sp. ("King Tarakihi")	TAR	25	30	Fork length
Trevally	Pseudocaranx dentex	TRE	25	35	Fork length
Black oreo	Allocyttus niger	BOE	-	35	Total length
Alfonsino & Long-finned beryx	Beryx splendens, B. decadactylus	ВҮХ	-	30	Fork length
Pale ghost shark	Hydrolagus bemisi	GSP	-	65	Chimaera length
Hoki	Macruronus novaezelandiae	НОК	-	75	Total length
Ling	Genypterus blacodes	LIN	-	75	Total length
Orange roughy	Hoplostethus atlanticus	ORH	-	31	Standard length
Smooth oreo	Pseudocyttus maculatus	SSO	-	40	Total length
Silver warehou	Seriolella punctata	SWA	-	45	Fork length